

Completion of Research Institutes Building – Efforts for Commissioning

In March 2013, the Research Institutes Building was completed based on the design concepts of an environment furthering "research", promoting "communication" and nurturing "nature". The concepts "research" and "communication" make use of the building's structure, focusing on the clear zoning by story and future developmental improvement, while the concept "nature" takes into account energy saving and environmental impact reduction. Under the supervision of the Building Services Commissioning Association, the Research Institutes Building addressed "commissioning" for the first time in Japan from the aspects of both the building and its equipment at different stages, including planning, design, construction and administration. "Commissioning" is a system in which the performances demanded of the building and its equipment by users are documented from the perspectives of the environment, energy and usability, the third party verifying whether the performances demanded are ensured at each stage. This system has the benefit of reduced life-cycle costs resulting from the improved design and construction quality and realization of performances demanded, and good results are expected from commissioning at future administrative stages.



Activities of Environmental Circle "Song Of Earth"

The Nagoya University Environmental Circle "Song Of Earth" was formed in 1994 by students who were interested in environmental activities. The Circle carries out investigations, proposals and plans in the hope that cooperation and effort from both the system and every university member will help Nagoya University become a University with a smaller environmental impact. It also engages in out different activities to increase students' affection and consideration for nature by offering opportunities to experience nature and help solve environmental problems, and to increase the hope of making some kind of improvement by addressing environmental activities at the University, a familiar location.



Environmental Communication with External Stakeholders

We held environmental communications with Mie University on the details of the "Nagoya University Environmental Report 2013", as well as an environmental activities as part of our activities that seek to improve the University's environmental issues and the findings in the Environmental Report.

Through a frank exchange of opinions with stakeholders, we successfully shared meaningful information such as views on the Environmental Report, measures for energy and waste disposal at the University, and students' participation in environmental activities.



Action Plan for CO₂ Emissions Reduction

In the "Nagoya University Campus Master Plan 2010" Nagoya University announced the reduction of CO₂ emissions in 2014 from Higashiyama, Tsurumai and Daiko campuses by at least 20% compared to the FY2005 level, as well as the action plan to achieve the reduction target.

In FY2012, the third year of the action plan, CO₂ emissions were reduced by 19% compared to the FY2005 level.

Mutual Cooperation with the National University of Singapore in Safety and Health Management

In 2012, Nagoya University began mutual cooperation in safety and health management with the National University of Singapore, widely regarded as a university with a high level of safety and health management and safety education.



Talking advantage of this international cooperation, the level of health and safety management in Nagoya University is expected to be greatly improved.

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Nagoya University Environmental Report 2013 (Digest)



Michinari Hamaguchi President of Nagoya University 價口道成

Message from the President

For three years through to FY2012, we have strived to achieve the Hamaguchi Plan, which was announced as a good when I had took. On the basis of our achievements and changing situations around the University, I have organized the issues and challenges for the second half of my term of office as the Hamaguchi Plan ver. 2013. The new version includes challenges regarding the enhancement of such management or governance as "business operations and financial conditions". in addition to the enhancement of activities related to the University's main activities like "education. research and social contribution", and the "University Hospital and attached schools". This report indicates that the greenhouse gas reduction plan I declared is taking steady steps towards its achievement. Notable results have also been accomplished in some long-standing environmental issues like energy saving and waste disposal. A number of different current issues associated with rapid globalization and the Great East Japan Earthquake have changed the challenges Nagoya

University needs to address. Disaster prevention in preparation a massive earthquake from the Nankai Trough would be one of the particular cases in which we and other universities in Japan should lead the world. To further improve the students' and teaching staff's environment and security for their studies, research and work, and to establish a safer and more comfortable campus, we intend to enhance management and governance in order to support education, research and all other activities of our university. By becoming the world's most advanced university in the fields of disaster prevention, campus safety and many other issues in addition to environmental issues, the university will attract young people wishing to learn together from around the world. Along with this aim, we will strive to produce human resources which will take a lead role in the future of humanity.

Environmental Policy

The fundamental principles of scholarly activity for Nagoya University are set down in the Nagoya University Academic Charter. Within the Charter, it is written that "Based on the academic traditions of freedom and generosity, our mission is to contribute to the happiness and one word of human beings, through research and education related to humanity, society and nature". The development of civilization and the current activities of human beings will have a great influence on future generations. Therefore, based on our Charter, and in order to fulfill our role in society and to contribute to the harmonious development of humanity and nature through research and education rich in imaginative power, we hereby establish the following fundamental principle and policies of Nagoya University regarding the environment.

Fundamental Principle

Recognizing that human beings have created a vast diversity of cultures and values, we will, for the benefit of future generations, consider which aspects should be truly respected, and contribute to the realization of a society that can maintain such traditions and values.

Basic Policies

Basic Position

(1) In order to investigate the causes of environmental problems, and find suitable means for dealing with them, all academic fields will develop educational and research programs that aim for sustainable development.

Environmental Management

(2) In order to plan further improvements in environmental management, we will (together with related parties) consider what attitudes and actions are necessary for universities, put them into practice, and further pursue them.

Environmental Performance

(3) Recognizing (together with related parties) that our own activities involve environmental effects and responsibilities, we will work to find comprehensive and systematic solutions that will reduce our environmental impact, and enable us to take preventive measures.

Social Responsibility and Environmental Communication

(4) With respect to laws and ethics, we will work to enhance trust from local and international communities by making information available publicly, and through communication and mutual understanding with related parties.

> (Approved by the President on August 1, 2005) (Revised on October 12, 2010)

The full version of the Environmental Report can be found at: http://web-honbu.jimu.nagoya-u.ac.jp/fmd/rpt.html (in Japanese)

Report Period **Environmental Management in General** Anti-Global Warming & Energy-Conservation Measures **Waste Management Measures Chemical Substance Management Community & Student Relations** Received Nagoya City Eco Business Establishment NU Library and ESCO concluded comprehensive Waste Treatment Handler Training held MaCS-NU User Training held (June 2008) Nagoya University extension lectures held FY2008 - Excellence Prize 2008 (Feb 2009) service agreement for energy conservation (June 2008) (Aug-Oct 2008) · 330 laboratories registered approx. 120,000 chemicals (Aug 2008) Plastic bags became chargeable 4th Homecoming Day, attended by a total of 5,000 NU-ESCO energy-saving project started at NU Co-op (Oct 2008) alumni, students' (From July 2008) families, and loca Combustible/Non-combustible Waste residents Greenhouse Gas Emissions (CO2 equivalent, compared to 2006) Amount (compared to previous year) Higashiyama ⇒ 11.0% ↓ Higashiyama ⇒ 6.1% ↑ (Higashiyama Campus) 1 ⇒ 1.0% ↑ Tsurumai Tsurumai \Rightarrow 1.0% \(\dagger Prize of Minister of Economy, Trade and Notice about chargeable Industry Award for Successful Case of Energy Daiko ⇒ 26.1% ↓ Excellence Prize, Aichi Environmen science show for children Conservation in Factories & Buildings FY2007 · ESCO projects conducted at Tsurumai Campus Waste Treatment Handler Training held Management System of Chemical Substances "ECO LABO" Project (Meichari Project 2009) FY2009 Action Plan for CO2 Emissions Reduction (20% reduction from 2005 level by 2014) · Energy-Saving patrol implemented (June 2009) (MaCS-NU) strengthened Small home appliance collection program · Asbestos treatment for all relevant facilities at "Excellent Engineer of Energy Conservation, Greenhouse Gas Emissions the University completed (Mar 2010) · Noise control measures (installation of sound-proof Chubu Region Electricity Usage Rationalization (CO₂ equivalent, compared to 2006) Combustible/Non-combustible Waste Amount (compared to previous year) Committee Chairperson's Award 2009" received panels) implemented Implementation of measures to improve work environment at Tsurumai Campus launched · Non-smoking activities for Daiko Campus "Prize for Public Entity, Green Reporting Award" Higashiyama ⇒ 19.8%↓ \Rightarrow 28% \uparrow Tsurumai \Rightarrow 2.0% 1 (Sponsored by Toyo Keizai Inc., Green Reporting Forum) ⇒ 14.0% ¹ MaCS-NU Registration ratio ⇒ 63% FY2010 Results of the University Hospital ESCO projects Waste Treatment Handler Training held Management System of Chemical Substances · Environmental circle "Song Of Earth" Environmental policy revised. The new environmental policy comprises four basic components: Basic Position, conducted at Turumai Campus: 7,207 tons of (June 2010) (MaCS-NU) strengthened Cooperative activities CO₂ emissions reduced Environmental Management, Environmental Performance, for COP10 · System for chemical substance registration at 国立大学法人 名古屋大草 and Social Responsibility & Environmental Communication Energy-Saving patrol implemented time of delivery introduced (May 2010) 環境報告書 2011 Combustible/Non-combustible Waste Amount (compared to previous year) Greenhouse Gas Emissions (CO2 equivalent, compared to 2009) • The University's environmental efforts are presented in separate sections according to each component of Higashiyama ⇒ 9.5% ↑ Higashiyama ⇒ 3.0% ↓ the Basic Policies ⇒ 21.1% ↓ \Rightarrow 6.3% 1 Tsurumai • A list of educational and research activities related to Daiko ⇒ 18.4% ↑ \Rightarrow 30.0% \uparrow Daiko the environment created Trash-collection activitie The "Emergency Statement on Energy Use" · Waste Treatment Handler Training held Management System of Chemical Substances Environmental circle "Song Of Earth"

FY2011

四立大学法人 名古罗大学 環境報告書 2012

Won 1st place in Eco-University Rankings

Completion of Research Institutes Building

 Won the FY2011 Chairman Prize of the Energy Conservation Center, Japan (ECCJ)



announced by the President to enhance further promotion of energy saving in response to the Great East Japan Earthquake was posted to call for cooperation in promotion of energy saving

Greenhouse Gas Emissions (CO2 equivalent, compared to 2009)		
	FY2011 Results	Evaluation
Higashiyan	na⇒ 5.0% †	1
Tsurumai	⇒ 24.5% ↓	
Daiko	⇒ 22.4% ↑	(2)

· Approval of the environmental action plan at the

Headquarters of Environmental Safety and Health

meeting of the Nagoya University Promotion

· Waste Treatment Handler Training held (June and November 2012)

⇒ 1.2% ¹

 \Rightarrow 37.7%

Combustible/Non-combustible Waste Amount (compared to previous year)

Combustible/Non-combustible Waste Amount (compared to previous year)

(June and December 2011)

Higashiyama ⇒ 2.0% ↓

Higashiyama ⇒ 12.6% ↓

Tsurumai

Tsurumai

Daiko

2

 Management System of Chemical Substances (MaCS-NU) strengthened

Full-scale start of the high-pressure gas system

System for high-pressure gas introduced

(MaCS-G) Held MaCS-NU and MaCS-G workshops (May and June 2012)

(MaCS-NU) strengthened

(MaCS-G)

Investigation into return of cylinders remaining for a long period

MaCS-NU Registration ratio ⇒ 100%

 Held COP10 Forum for Dialog on Society and Science



Full of flowers campaig

 Took noise prevention measures (replacement with inverter controls and installation of covers)

· Environmental circle "Song Of Earth"



FY2012

Environmental communication with external stakeholders Mutual communication with the National University



· Seminar on environmental safety and health

of Singapore in safety and health management

Greenhouse Gas Emissions (CO2 equivalent, compared to 2009) Higashiyama⇒ 1.3%↓ Tsurumai

⇒ 33.9% '

Energy conservation measures in Research Institutes Buildings. (FY2012 results)

 \Rightarrow 2.7% 1

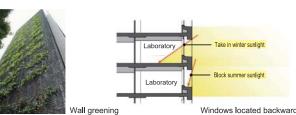
(1) Uses LED lights for entire building.

(2) Equipped with earth tube and eco-shaft.

2

(3) Ensures open ceiling space to promote natural ventilation. (4) Effectively blocks solar radiation by means of windows located backward.

(6) Equipped with high efficiency water cooling heat pump chiller. Won the highest rank "S" of the Comprehensive Assessment System for Built Environment Efficiency. (CASBEE Nagoya)



Nagoya University's **Energy-Saving Activities Main Activities After 2004**

Major energy-saving activities at Nagoya University (For building equipment-related energy-saving measures, see the list marked * on the right.)

⇒ 25.2% ↓

(1) Monthly energy consumption per campus and ongoing energy conservation measures published on website (2004-) (2) Summer / Winter Energy-Saving Campaign and Lunchtime Lights Off Campaign (2004-)

(3) E-mail notice to reduce power consumption when usage is predicted to exceed the contracted capacity on Higashiyama Campus during summer time (2004-)

(4) Energy saving activity survey using energy saving check sheet (2005-)

(5) Energy saving practice ensured by appointing Energy Saving Promoters (2005-)

(6) Energy saving through university-wide summer break closure (2 weekdays in Aug) (2005-) (7) Energy saving Patrol (2009-)